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Agenda



- UN Procurement & Statistics
- Supplying the UN
- □ General UN Procurement Procedures
- Practical Tips





UN Procurement & Statistics



High Level Committee of Management's Procurement Network



Procurement & United Nations ultimate goals



The Sustainable Development Goals 2015-2030 https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/

The UN Global Compact and the Supplier Code of Conduct

The UN strongly encourages all vendors to actively participate in the

Global Compact

The Global Compact promotes principles of human rights, labour,

environment and ethical conduct

www.unglobalcompact.org



The UN Supplier Code of Conduct based on same principles

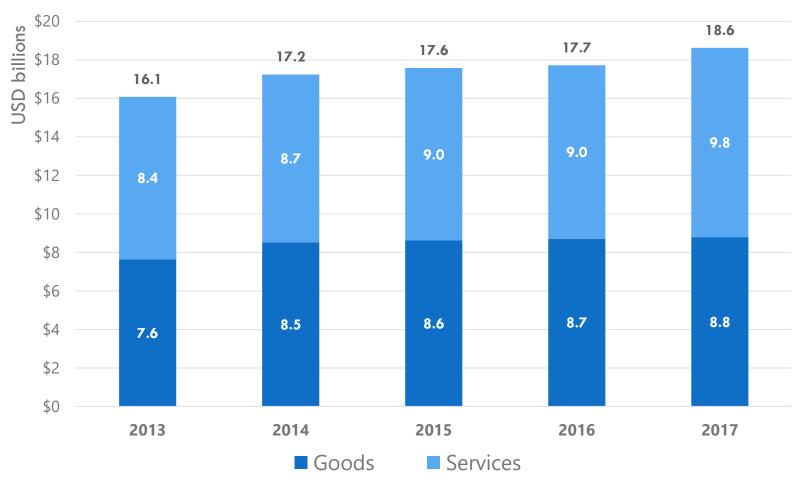
as above and should inspire business practices of suppliers

The UN Supplier Code of Conduct provides minimum standards expected of suppliers to the UN

https://www.un.org/Depts/ptd/about-us/un-supplier-code-conduct

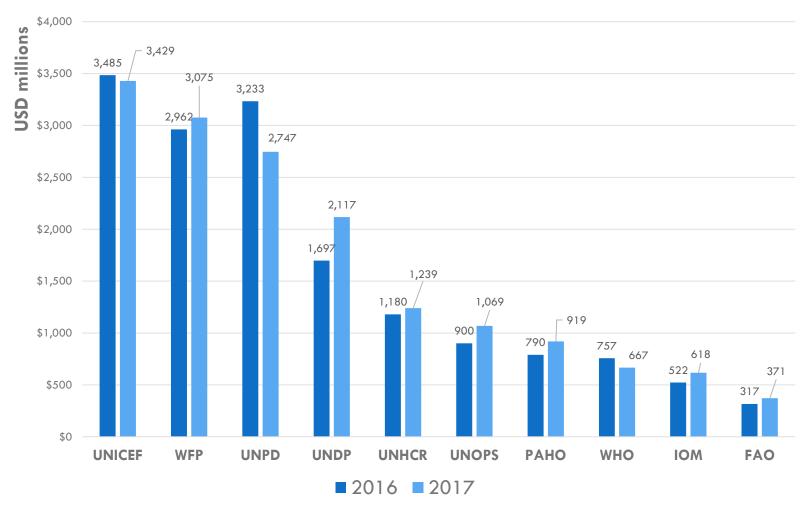


Total UN procurement of goods and services 2013-2017



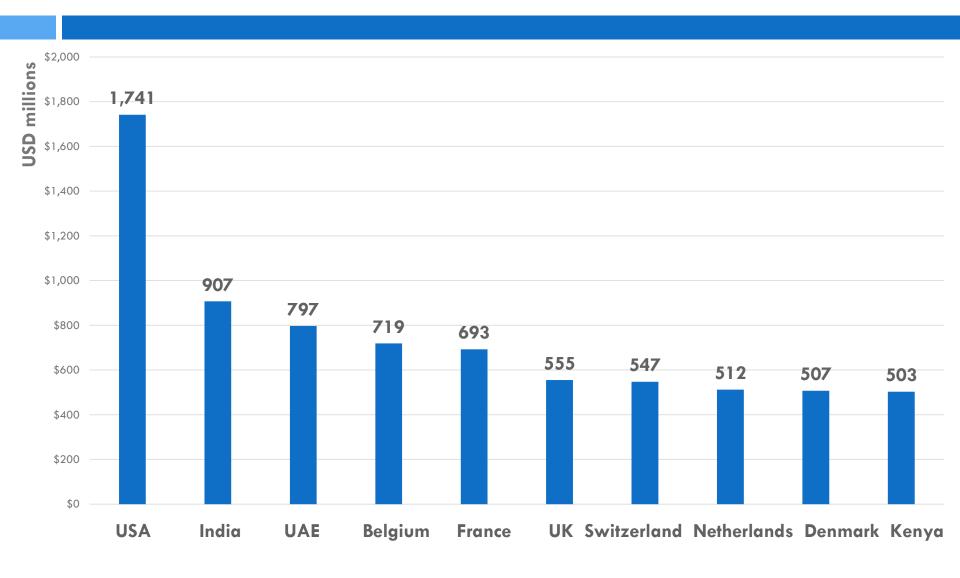


Procurement volume of the 10 principal UN organizations 2016 and 2017

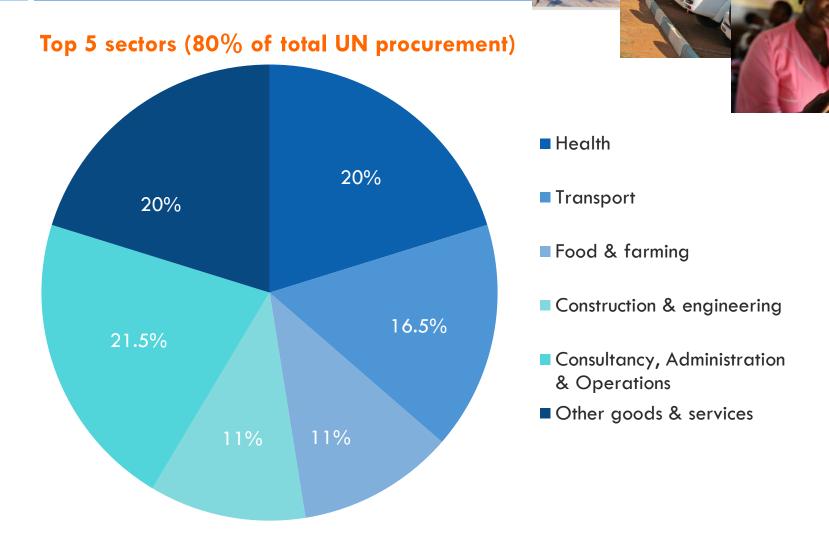




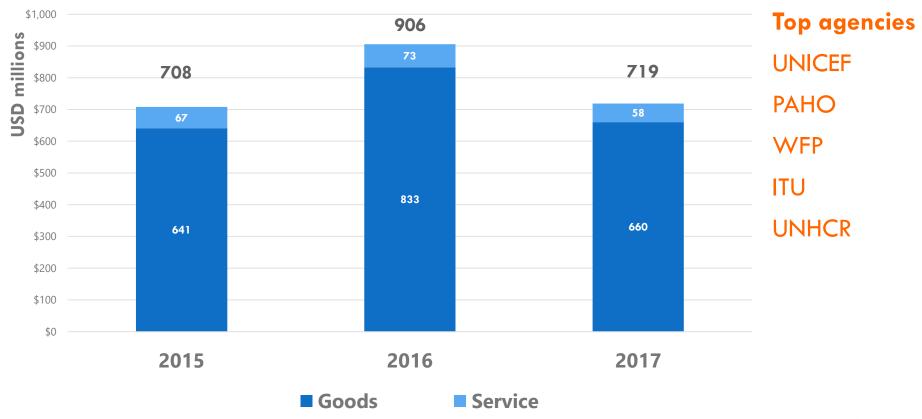
Top 10 countries of supply to the UN System 2017



What did the UN buy in 2017?



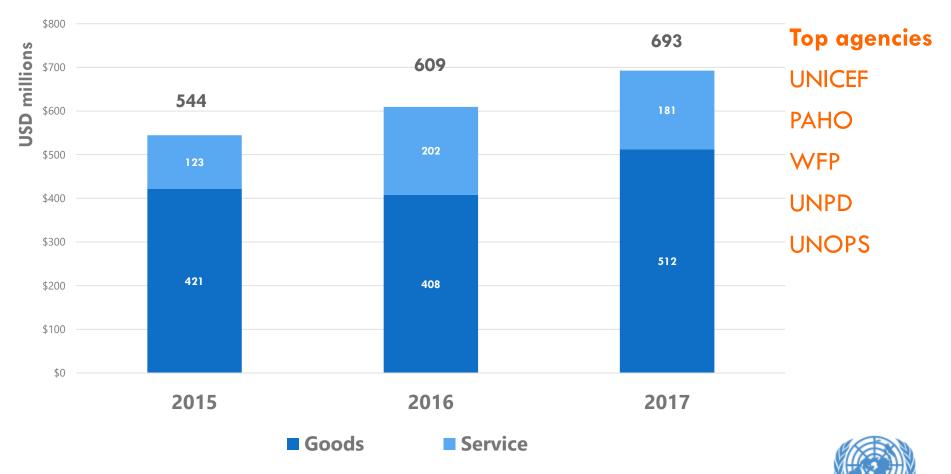
UN procurement from Belgium



Top sector: Pharmaceuticals

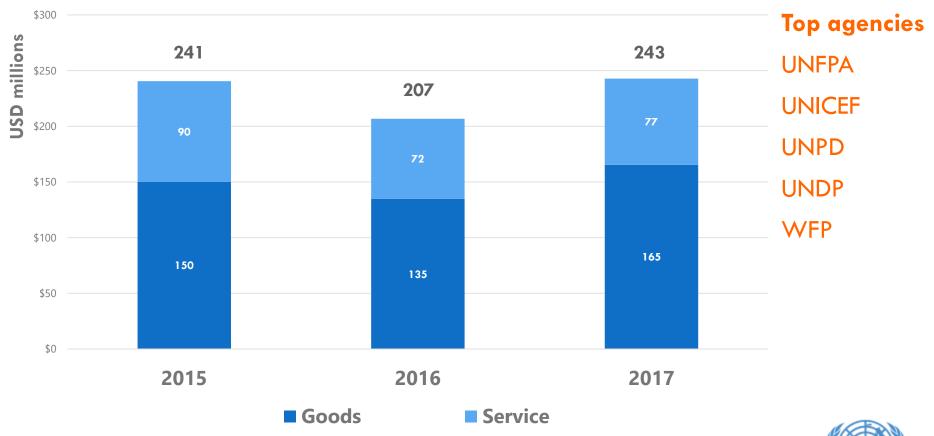


UN procurement from France





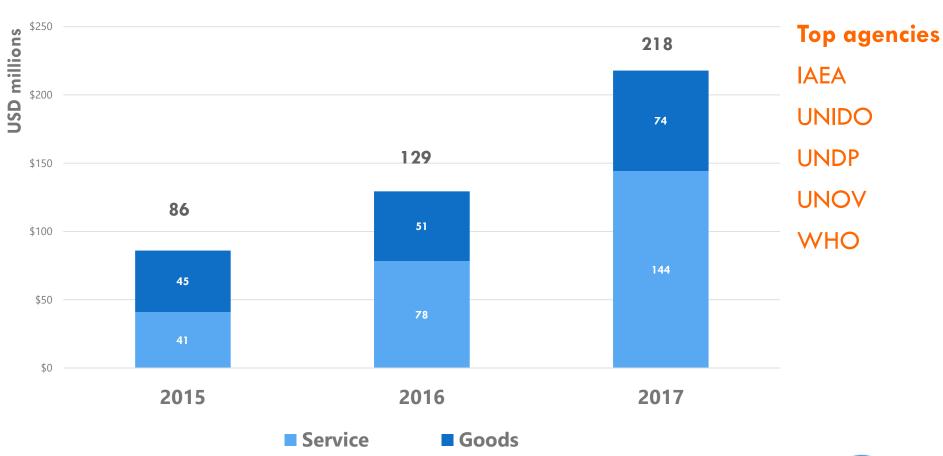
UN procurement from Germany



Top sectors: Contraceptives, vaccines, transportation, administrative services



UN procurement from Austria



Top sectors: Lab/medical equipment, office equipment, facility construction & maintenance





Supplying the UN





The United Nations System

UN Principal Organs

General Assembly

Security

Economic and Social Council

Secretariat

International Court of Justice

Trusteeship Council 5

NOTES:

- UNRWA and UNIDR report only to the General Assembly.
- 2 IAEA reports to the Security Council and the General Assembly.
- 3 WTO has no reporting obligation to the General Assembly (GA) but contributes on an adhec basis to GA and BEOSOC work inter also an Brazes and developmental lause.
- 4 Specialized agencies are autoramous organizations working with the UN and each other through the coordinating machinery all 8COSOC at the interguenmental level, and through the Chief Executives Board for Coordination (CCII) at the inter-secretarian level. This section is trade in order of establishment of these arganizations as specialized agencies of the United Notices.
- 5 The Trusteethip Council suspended operation on 1 November 1994 with the independence of Polos, the last remoining United Nations Trust Territory, on 1 October 1994.

Programmes and Funds

UNCTAD United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

 ITC International Trade Centre (UNCTAD/WTO)

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

- UNCDF United Nations Capital Development Fund
- UNV United Nations Volunteers

UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

UN-HABITAT United Nations Human Settlements Programme

UNHCR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

UNODC United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

UNRWA¹ United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

UN-Women United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women

WFP World Food Programme

Research and Training Institutes

UNICRI United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute

UNIDIR¹ United Nations Institute for Disarmoment Research

Advisory

UN Peacebuilding

Commission

Other Bodies

Administration

Organizations

Committee for Development Policy

Committee on Non-Governmental

United Nations Group of Experts

on Geographical Names

Other sessional and standing

and related badies

Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues

committees and expert, ad hoc

Committee of Experts on Public

Subsidiary Body

UNITAR United Nations Institute for Training and Research

UNRISD United Nations Research Institute

UNSSC United Nations System Staff College

UNU United Nations University

for Social Development

Other Entities

UNAIDS Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNISDR United Nations International Strategy for Disaster Reduction

UNOPS United Nations Office for Project Services

Related Organizations

CTBTO PrepCom Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization

IAEA² International Atomic Energy Agency

OPCW Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons

WTO3 World Trade Organization

Subsidiary Bodies

Subsidiary Bodies

Main and other sessional

Disarmament Commission

International Law Commission

Human Rights Council

Standing committees

and ad hoc bodies

committees

Counter-terrorism committees

International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda (ICTR)

International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY)

Functional Commissions

Science and Technology for Development

Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice

Papulation and Development

Norcotic Drugs

Social Development

Status of Women

Sustainable Development

Stoffstics

Military Staff Committee

Peacekeeping operations and political missions

Sanctions committees (ad hac)

Standing committees and ad hoc badies

Regional Commissions

ECA Economic Commission for Africa

ECE Economic Commission for Europe

ECLAC Economic Commission

for Latin America and

ESCAP Economic and Social

ESCWA Economic and Social

Commission for Asia and

the Caribbean

the Pocific

Specialized Agencies⁴

ILO International Labour Organization

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

WHO World Health Organization

World Bank Group

- IBRD International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
- IDA International Development Association
- IFC International Finance Corporation
- MIGA Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency
- ICSID International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes

IMF International Monetary Fund

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

IMO International Maritime Organization

ITU International Telecommunication Union

UPU Universal Postal Union WMO World Meteorological

Organization

WIPO World Intellectual Property Organization

IFAD International Fund for Agricultural Development

UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNWTO World Tourism
Organization

Departments and Offices

United Nations Forum on Forests

EOSG Executive Office of the Secretary General

DESA Department of Economic and Social Affairs

DFS Department of Field Support

DGACM Department for General Assembly

DM Department of Management

Commission for Western Asia

DPA Department of Political Affairs

DPI Department of Public Information

DPKO Department of Peacekeeping Operations

DSS Department of Safety and Security

OCHA Office for the Coordination

OHCHR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

OIOS Office of Internal Oversight Services

OLA Office of Legal Affairs

OSRSG/CAAC Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict

OSAA Office of the Special Adviser on Africa

UNODA Office for Disarmament Affairs

UNOG United Nations Office at Geneva

UN-OHRLLS Office of the High Representative for the Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States

UNON United Nations Office at Nairabi

UNDV United Nations Office at Vienna

UN System of Organisations

The United Nations is not a single organisation

- Each organisation is a market in itself
- different functions, characteristics and requirements
- Important to recognise the above if you wish to do business with the UN



Are you ready to supply the UN?

- Market knowledge
- Suitable products/services
- Export experience, references
- Competitive prices
- Networks/partners
- Capacity personnel/financial
- Intercultural skills, languages
- Flexibility, accuracy
- Persistence and patience





Step-by-step towards success

- Market research, identify relevant UN
 Organisations, register (with accurate coding)
- Understand the procurement practices,
 seek opportunities, subscribe to tender alerts
- Bid according to tender documents, seek clarification
- Performance



Web-based information

UN Procurement's single commercial and procurement portal:
United Nations Global Marketplace (UNGM) <u>www.ungm.org</u>



Welcome to the UNGM















UN Procurement Procedures



Guiding Principles for UN Procurement

Procurement activities of the UN system are based on the following:

- Best interests of the UN Organisation
- Best value for money
- Integrity, accountability, transparency
- □ Fairness, effective competition





Common General Terms & Conditions

- Cover both procurement of goods and contracting of services
- Most provisions are common within the UN system, but can be differences
- Potential suppliers are encouraged to familiarise themselves with the UN General Terms & Conditions

Other **specific Terms and Conditions** are part of the contract (e.g. deliverables, delivery timeline, payment schedules, TOR, etc.)



How is the procurement method decided?

- □ the value of the procurement
- the nature of the goods and services to be procured
- critical dates for delivery





Types of solicitation

- Request for Quotation (RFQ) less formal solicitation used for lower value procurement (< USD 30,000*)
- **Invitation to Bid (ITB)** formal solicitation method for well-defined goods (or services); contract award is based on lowest priced acceptable bid (> USD 30,000)
- Request for Proposal (RFP) formal solicitation, generally for services, whereby the contract award is based on a combined (weighted) evaluation of both the technical solution and price (> USD 30,000)

<u>Pre-tender/market research</u>:

Request for Expression of Interest (REOI), Request for Information (RFI), Pre-qualification



In summary

Up to 30,000 USD*

- Informal, simplified acquisition procedure
- Requests for Quotation (RFQ)
- Minimum 3 responsive quotes recommended
- Lowest priced, technically acceptable bidder or best value bidder

Above 30,000 USD*

- Invitation to Bid (ITB) and Request for Proposal (RFP)
- Open and formal: advertised (on the web) generally larger shortlist (minimum 6 potential bidders, 3 to comply)
- Public bid opening
- CPO approval after review and recommendation by Contract Committees



In addition . . .

Long Term Agreement/Frame Agreement

Based on ITB or RFP process

2-4 years period

Potentially more than one LTA for same goods/service

Single tendering exercise reduces administrative effort

The supplier benefits in terms of continuity of supply

Direct Contracting

Exception to the rule

Extreme emergency

Sole source

If competitive bidding process has failed for valid reason Very stringent controls and has to be well justified



Evaluation Criteria

- Acceptance of UN payment terms, terms & conditions etc.
- □ Technical requirements being met
- Delivery time & terms (Incoterms)
- Supply according to recognised international/national standards
- Sustainability criteria



Evaluation Criteria

- Supporting documentation provided incl. references
- Proven production capacity & financial strength
- Warranty conditions & appropriate aftersales service
- □ Price



Practical Tips

General

 Always respond to bid invitations – if you cannot submit an offer, inform accordingly

Bid Preparation

- Study bid documents, conditions and requirements carefully
- Ask for clarification if uncertain
- Ensure that your offer meets ALL bidding requirements
- Technical specifications read carefully and meet minimum requirements

Practical Tips

- Provide quality statements international/national standards
- Submit bid, catalogues etc. in requested language
- Prepare bid to facilitate work of procurement officer requested format, use submission forms

Bid Submission

- Meet deadline
- Attend public bid openings, whenever called

Remember

Learning process





Thank you!



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