



DOING BUSINESS WITH THE UNITED NATIONS (UN)

Kerry Kassow, High Level Committee of Management's Procurement Network (HLCM PN)

Agenda



- UN Procurement & Statistics
- UN System of Organisations
- Supplying the UN
- Finding Information UNGM
- □ General UN Procurement Procedures
- Practical Tips



High Level Committee of Management's Procurement Network

The Procurement Network - Heads and Directors of 40 Agencies.

Focuses on:

- **Professional Development** Strategic Vendor Management
- **Harmonisation**

- **UN Global Marketplace (UNGM)**
- **Sustainable Procurement**





UN Procurement & Statistics



Procurement & United Nations ultimate goals https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/

SUSTAINABLE GALS





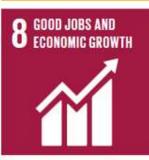
































The UN Global Compact and the Supplier Code of Conduct

The UN strongly encourages all vendors to actively participate in the Global Compact

The Global Compact promotes principles of human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption



www.unglobalcompact.org

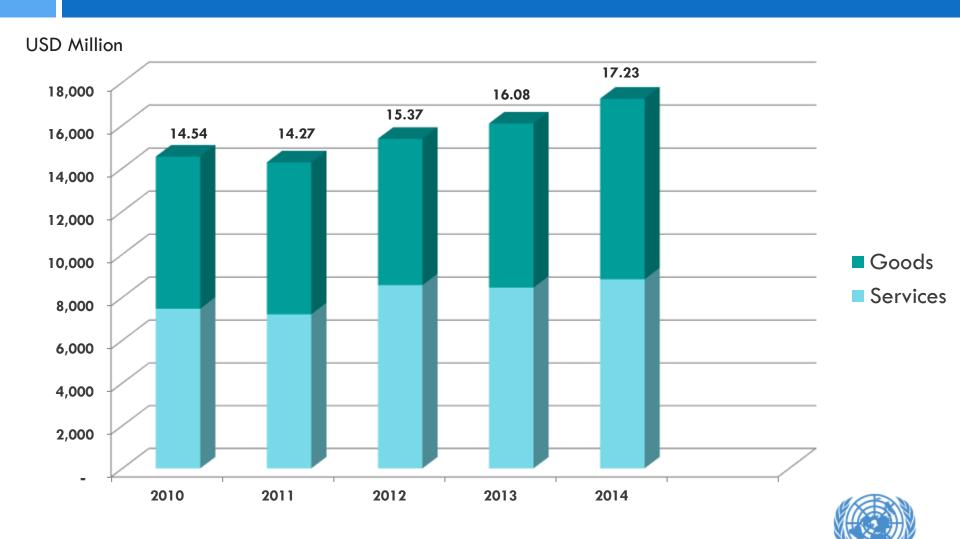
The UN Supplier Code of Conduct spells out the principles that should inspire the business practice of suppliers

The UN Supplier Code of Conduct provides the minimum standards expected of suppliers to the UN

www.un.org/depts/ptd/code of conduct

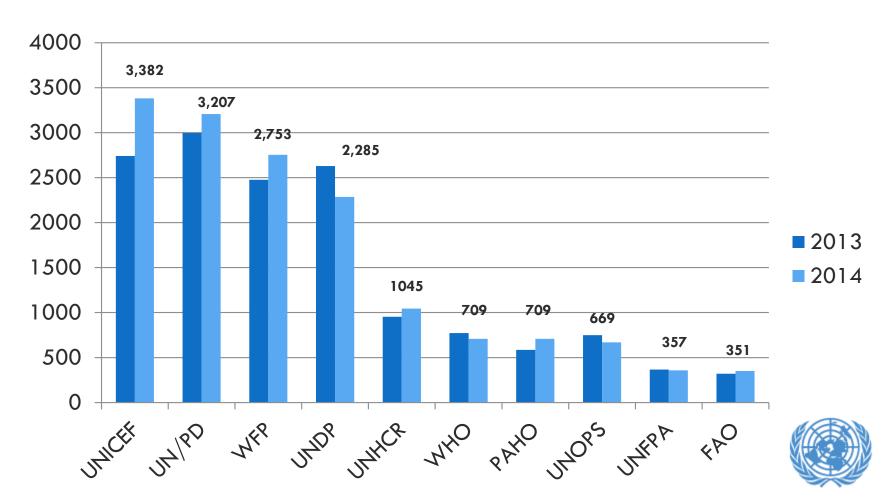


Total UN procurement of goods and services 2010-2014

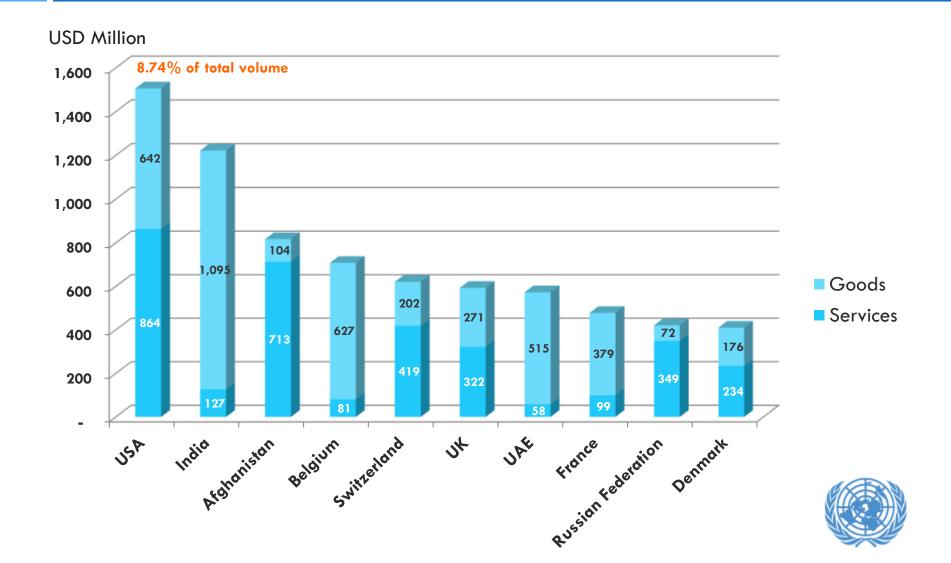


Procurement volume of the 10 principal UN agencies 2014

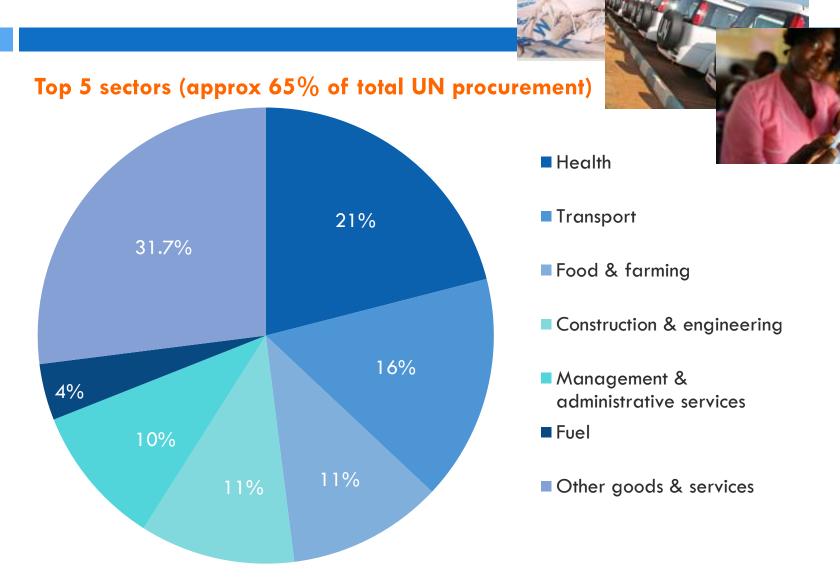




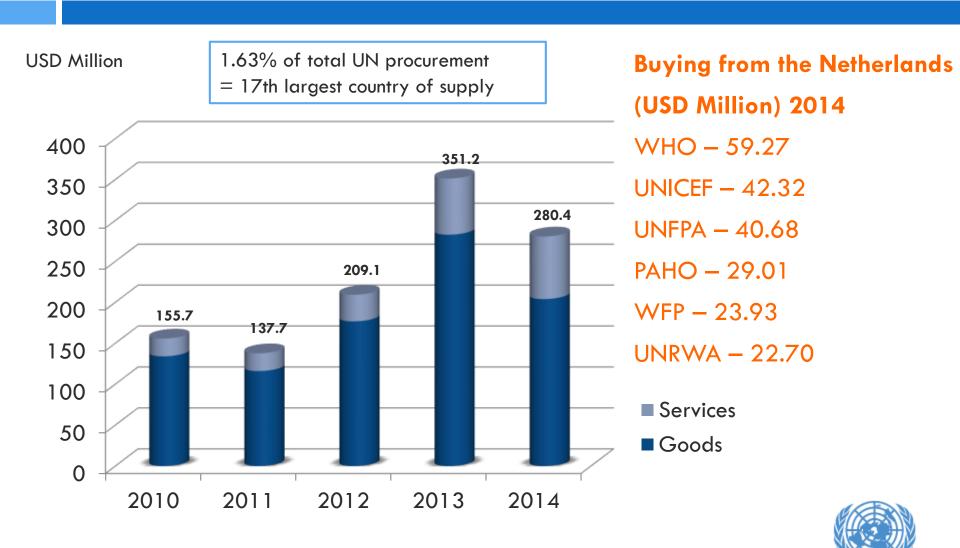
10 major countries of supply to the UN System 2014



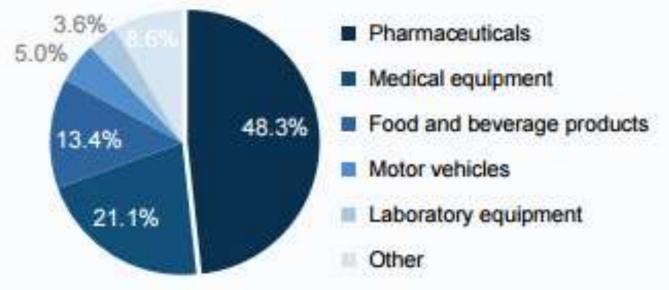
What does the UN buy?

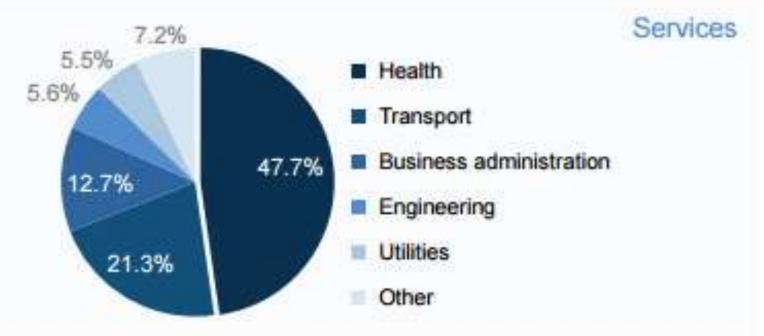


UN procurement from the Netherlands



Goods









UN System of Organisations





The United Nations System

UN Principal Organs

General Assembly

Security Council

Economic and Social Council

Secretariat

International Court of Justice

Trusteeship Council⁵

NOTES:

- I UNIONA and ChilDill repair only to the General Vasembly.
- 3 AEA reports to the Security Council. and the General Assembly.
- 3 WIO has no recoming obligation to the General Assentiny IGAI but contributes on an addisc basis to GA and ECOSOC work inter allower. bearing and director-water laures.
- 4 Specialized regeroins one surrors most organizations working with the LIN and each other through the coordinating emissionly of ECCBOC at the intergovernmental level, and through the Chief Executives Board for Coordination (CDR) of the inter-secretarion level. This siction is listed to contar of natule
- agencies of the United Nations. The Trubeship Council superded opens tox on 7 November 1994 with the indepardense of Polisis, the last remoting United Network hop familiary, on 1: October 1994.

Submert of these improbations on specialized

Programmes and Funds

UNCTAD United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

- ITC International Trade Centre BUNCTAD/WTO!
- **UNDP** United Nations Development
- **UNCOF** United Nations Copins Development fund
- UNV United Nations Volunteers.

UNEP United Nations Environment Programme **UNFPA** United Nations Population Fund

UN-HABITAT United Notions Human Settlements Programme

UNHCR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

UNCOC United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

UNRWA United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Relugious in the Near East

UN-Warners United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women

WFP World Food Programme

Research and Training Institutes

UNICRI United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute

UNIDIR | United Nations Institute for Disgresoment Research

UNITAR United Nations Institute for Training and Research

UNRISO United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

UNSSC United Nations System Staff College

UNU United Notions University

Other Entities

UNAIDS Joint United Nations Programme on MV/A/DS

UNISDR United Nations International Strategy for Disoster Reduction

UNOPS United Nations Office for Project Services

Related Organizations

CTBTO PrepCam Preporatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear Feet San Treaty Organization IAEA³ International Alamic Energy Agency

OPCW Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons

WTO3 World Track Organization

Subsidiary Bodies

Subsidiary Bodies

Main and other sessional

Dispregnent Commission

International Law Commission

Human Rights Council

Standing committees

and ad hoc bodies

committees

Counter terrorism committees International Criminal Inbural

for Rwards (ICTR) International Criminal Iribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY) Military Staff Committee

Peacekeeping operations and political missions.

and hos budget

Sonctions committees (ad hoc) Standing committees and

Advisory **Subsidiary Body** UN Peocebuilding Commission

Functional Commissions

Crime Preventiers and Criminal Justice

Norcotic Drugs

Population and Development

Science and Technology for Development

Social Development

Statistics

Status of Women

Sustainable Development

United Nations Forum on Forests

Regional Commissions

ECA Economic Commission for Africa

ECE Economic Commission for Europe

ECLAC Economic Commission. for Latin America and for Carlobean

ESCAP Expremis and Social Commission for Asia and the Positio

ESCWA Empromis and Social Commission for Western Asia

Other Bodies

Committee for Development Policy Committee of Experts on Public

Administration Connittee on Non-Governmental Organizations

Permonent forum on Indigenous lissues United Nations Group of Experts

on Geographical Names Other sessional and standing committees and expert, ad hoc and related badies

Specialized Agencies

ILO International Labour Organization

FAO Fised and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

UNESCO United Nations Educational,

Scientific and Cultural Organization WHO World Health Organization

World Bank Group

IBRD international Bank

- for Reconstruction and Development
- IDA International Development Association
- **IFC** International Finance Corporation MIGA Multilateral Investment
- Guarantee Agency **ICSID** International Centre

for Settlement of Investment Disputes

IMF International Monetary Fund ICAO International Civil Aviation

Organization IMO International Maritime Organization

ITU international lelecommunication Union

UPU Universal Formi Union

WMO World Wetsprological Organization

WIPO World Intellegual Property Organization

IFAD International Fund for Agricultural Development

UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNWTO World Tourism Organization

Departments and Offices

EOSG Executive Office of the Secretary General

DESA Department of Economic and Social Affairs

DFS Department of Field Support

DGACM Department for General Assembly and Confession Management

DM. Deportment of Management DPA Department of Political Affairs

DPI Department of Public Information

DPKO Deportment of Perceiveroing Operations

DSS Department of Sofety and Security

OCHA Office for the Coordination

OHCHR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

QIOS Office of internal Oversight Services

OLA Office of Lago Affairs

OSAA Office of the Special Adviser on Africa

OSRSG/CAAC Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict

UNODA Office for Disampment Afficies

UNOG United Nations Office at Geneva

UN-OHRLLS Office of the High Representative. for the Least Developed Countries, Landiacked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing Status

UNON United Nations Office at Nairabi

UNDV United Notices Office of Viento

UN System of Organisations

- The United Nations is not a single organisation
- Each organisation is a market in itself different functions,
 characteristics and requirements
- Important to recognise the above if you wish to do business with the UN





Supplying the UN



Are you ready to supply the UN?

- Market knowledge (UN structure and culture)
- Suitable products/services
- Export experience/references
- Languages
- Competitive prices
- Networks/partners (country knowledge, after-sales services etc.)
- Capacity (financial, personnel)
- Intercultural skills
- Flexibility
- Accuracy
- Persistence and patience



Step-by-step towards success

- Market research, identify relevant UN
 Organisations, register
- Understand the procurement practices,seek opportunities
- Bid according to tender documents,
 observe norms and standards, seek clarification
- Performance





Finding Information



Web-based information

UN Procurement's single commercial and procurement portal:

United Nations Global Marketplace (UNGM) www.ungm.org



Welcome to the UNGM













Business information

The Annual Statistical Report

- UN procurement by country
- UN Agency procurement by country, commodity or service
- Purchase orders and Contracts (over USD 30,000)
 placed by agency, by country of vendor, value and description of goods or services
- Top Ten items procured by Agency

Virtual Business Seminar Area

 Meet the UN Agencies, fields of activity, procurement activities, statistics, tenders etc.

Available from www.ungm.org







Register as a Potential Supplier www.ungm.org



The UN Global Marketplace (UNGM)

- Register free of charge
- Business opportunities
- Subscribe to Tender Alert Service
- Help? registry@ungm.org



Welcome to the UNGM





Register



Contract Awards







UN Procurement Procedures



Common Guidelines for UN Procurement

Procurement activities of the UN system are based on the following:

- The objectives of the UN Organisation
- Fairness
- Integrity & accountability
- Transparency
- Effective competition
- Best value for money

The common guidelines cover procurement stages from sourcing to execution of a contract - www.ungm.org



Common General Terms & Conditions

- Cover both the procurement of goods and the contracting of services
- Most provisions are common within the UN system
- Potential suppliers are encouraged to familiarise themselves with the UN General Terms & Conditions.

Available at <u>www.ungm.org</u>



How is the procurement method decided?

- the value of the procurement
- the nature of the goods and services to be procured
- critical dates for delivery



Types of solicitation

Evaluation Criteria for Requests for Proposal (RFP)

- ✓ Always evaluated according to the principle of best value
- ✓ Best value: best overall benefit, both technically and financially

Generally, the technical proposal will be given 60%-70% of the overall score, and 30%-40% will be given to the financial proposal

The evaluation criteria are set out in the RFP

est

Thresholds may vary

In summary

Up to 30,000 USD*

- Informal, simplified acquisition procedure
- Requests for Quotation (RFQ)
- Minimum 3 responsive quotes recommended
- Lowest priced, technically acceptable bidder or best value bidder

Above 30,000 USD*

- Invitation to Bid (ITB) and Request for Proposal (RFP)
- Open and formal: advertised (on the web) generally larger shortlist (minimum 6 potential bidders, 3 to comply)
- Public bid opening
- CPO approval after review and recommendation by Contract Committees



In addition . . .

Long Term Agreement/Frame Agreement

Based on ITB or RFP process

2-4 years period

Potentially more than one LTA for same goods/service

Single tendering exercise reduces administrative effort

The supplier benefits in terms of continuity of supply

Direct Contracting

Exception to the rule

Extreme emergency

Sole source

If competitive bidding process has failed for valid reason

Very stringent controls and has to be well justified



Evaluation Criteria

- Acceptance of UN payment terms, terms & conditions etc.
- Technical Requirements
- Delivery Terms & Delivery Time
- Recognised International/National Standards
- Supporting Documentation
- Proven Production Capacity & Financial Strength
- Previous Contract References
- Warranty Conditions & Appropriate After-sales Service
- Price



How are vendors identified?

- Competitive suppliers of previous procurement
 - Past performance
- Suppliers of the required goods or services, found on the UN
 Global Market
 - Codification
- Through calls for Expression of Interest (EOI)
 - Notices
- Search of World Wide Web
- Databases e.g. Kompass, DACON
- Trade Missions, Chambers of Commerce
- Exchange with other UN Agencies



Practical Tips

<u>General</u>

Always respond to bid invitations – if you cannot submit an offer, inform accordingly

Bid Preparation

- Study bid documents, conditions and requirements carefully
- Ask for clarification if uncertain
- Ensure that your offer meets ALL bidding requirements
- Technical specifications read carefully and meet minimum requirements
- Quality statements international/national standards



Practical Tips

- Alternative proposal may be provided, in addition to what is being asked for
- Submit bid, catalogues etc. in requested language
- Prepare bid to facilitate work of procurement officer requested format, use submission forms

Bid Submission

- Meet deadline
- Attend public bid openings, whenever called

Remember

Learning process





Thank you!

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